# Legal & General Home Finance

Retirement Interest Only Mortgage New Lending Standards



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#### I. Introduction

The New Lending Standards apply to new customers and existing customers who are applying for a new Retirement Interest Only (RIO) residential mortgage with Legal & General Home Finance (LGHF). Within the New Lending Standards there are 3 different types of 'lending rules' - "Lending Policy", "Mandatory Standards" and "Standards".

"Lending Policy and Mandatory Standards" provide the absolute policy boundaries within which all lending must be undertaken to ensure compliance with Responsible Lending rules and the LGHF Risk Appetite. It is however acknowledged that in exceptional circumstances there may be a requirement to accept a mortgage which does not meet these rules but where the decision to lend is still within the best interests of the customer and LGHF. Therefore, the ability to apply a controlled exception exists but is restricted, by an operational mandate, to LGHF's most senior mandate holders and all cases are reported as "Outside Lending Policy".

These Standards are for internal use only and cannot be distributed externally without the Policy Owner's permission.

The LGHF Lending Principles are;

- Financially strong borrowers:
  - Borrowers with the ability to repay, as determined by the LGHF affordability model, on a long-term basis and;
  - Borrowers with the willingness to repay evidenced via their credit score, past behaviours and Loan to Value (LTV)
- Security residential property which will be the borrower's main residence is suitable for immediate occupation, is readily
  marketable and on which LGHF can obtain a first legal charge.

2. Lending Source		
Code	Policy	
NL0201	LGHF accepts new lending residential applications on a fully advised basis via the following sources: Intermediary (must be authorised by the FCA).	
Code	Standards	
N/A	There are some differences for existing mortgage customers - refer to section 15.	

3. Lending Pur	3. Lending Purpose	
Code	Policy	
NL0301	LGHF offers residential mortgages for the following purposes: <ul> <li>House purchase</li> <li>Re- mortgage</li> </ul>	
NL0302	Customers must own 100% share of the property.	
Code	Standards	
NL0303	Lending must be for the customers main residence.	
NL0304	The maximum number of borrowers per application is 2. Both must be registered at Land Registry following completion.	
NL0305	<ul> <li>Re-Mortgages</li> <li>At application, at least one customer must have owned and lived in the property for at least 6 months</li> <li>Where additional funds are being raised this is acceptable unless it is for business purposes</li> </ul>	
	Acceptable deposit types	
NL0306	Customer's own sources/savings and not borrowed.	
NL0307	Gifted from an immediate family member only.	

Builders offer incentives to purchasers in the form of allowances; cash backs and deposit paid schemes. These are acceptable subject to:
<ul> <li>For Houses &amp; Bungalows: the maximum allowable builder's incentive is 5%. If the total value of incentives exceeds 5% of the purchase price, the difference should be deducted from the purchase price and LTV calculated on the lower figure</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>For flats and maisonettes: where the builder's incentive is cash back or deposit paid, this is not acceptable unless the full incentive is deducted from the purchase price to calculate the loan to value. Any other incentives must not exceed 5%</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Concessionary purchases are acceptable subject to:</li> <li>Purchasing from immediate family member</li> <li>Solicitor confirmation of the purchase price and details of the vendor</li> <li>The LTV is calculated using the valuation amount, not the discounted purchase price</li> <li>The loan amount not exceeding the discounted purchase price</li> </ul>

4. Repayment Types		
Code	Policy	
NL0401	RIO mortgages are all offered on an Interest Only (IO) basis.	
Code	Standards	
NL0402	Repayment strategy for RIO mortgages is Sale of Mortgaged Property at the end of the mortgage contract.	

5. Lending Limits		
Code	Policy	
NL0501	Maximum Loan to Value (LTV) is 60% plus fees.	
NL0502	Mortgage term will be determined by the mortality tables within the lending system.	
NL0503	Maximum Loan to Income (LTI) ranges from 8.0x to 8.5x based on verified income amount.	
Code	Standards	
NL0504	Maximum LTV's: Loan to Value is calculated on the lower of the purchase price or property valuation, and the LTV calculation excludes fees which can be added to the loan.	
NL0505	For flats and maisonettes, the valuation will be reduced by 15%, i.e. 85% of the valuation will be used for purchase or re-mortgage. For example: Eg. Valuation is £100,000 and LGHF product allows you to borrow 60%. The calculation will be: £100,000 × 15% = £15,000 £100,000 - £15,000 = £85,000 £85,000 × 60% = £51,000 maximum loan	

covenant or planning consent. The maximum LTV will be reduced by 5%. Eg. Valuation is £100,000 & LGHF product allows you to borrow 60% The calculation will be: 60% - 5% = 55% £100,000 × 55% = £55,000 maximum loan Note: this Standard excludes Retirement Villages which are covered by separate Standard NL0513

NL0507

NL0506

Properties with a valuation over £2m are adjusted in accordance with the Funder matrix

Property Type	Location	Haircut
Flats	All Regions	Standard 15% plus 10% over £2m
Houses	All Regions	20% over £2m
Other	Location	Haircut
Desktop Valuations	All Regions	5% applied to the full property value

Age restricted properties. These are properties with resale restricted to a specific age group by lease, restricted

Eg. If a house is valued at £7,000,000 an LGHF product allows you to borrow 60%.

The calculation would be:

£7,000,000 - £2,000,000 = £5,000,000 £5,000,000 × 20% (High Value Haircut) = £1,000,000 £5,000,000 - £1,000,000 = £4,000,000 £4,000,000 + £2,000,000 = £6,000,000 £6,000,000 × 60% = £3,600,000 maximum loan

Eg. If the property is a flat/maisonette and valued over £2m then a further 'high value haircut' is applied in addition to the 15% reduction for the property type. However, the 15% reduction for the property type is always taken off the whole amount first. This quote is based on a flat/maisonette valued over £2m and an LGHF product allows you to borrow 60%.

The calculation would be:

 $\pounds7,000,000 \times 15\%$  (Flat/maisonette haircut) = £1,050,000.  $\pounds7,000,000 - \pounds1,050,000 = \pounds5,950,000.$  $\pounds5,950,000 - \pounds2,000,000 = \pounds3,950,000.$  $\pounds3,950,000 - 10\%$  (high value haircut) = £395,000.  $\pounds3,950,000 - \pounds395,000 = \pounds3,555,000.$  $\pounds3,555,555 + \pounds2,000,000 = \pounds5,555,555.$  $\pounds5,555,555 \times 60\% = \pounds3,333,333$  maximum loan.

Eg. If the property is then also age restricted flat then the maximum LTV will be reduced by 5%.

The calculation would then be:

£7,000,000 × 85% = £5,950,000. £5,950,000 - £2,000,000 = £3,950,000. £3,950,000 - 10% (high value haircut) = £395,000. £3,950,000 - £395,000 = £3,555,000. £3,555,555 + £2,000,000 = £5,555,555. £ 5,555,000 × 55% (60% product LTV - 5% age restricted haircut) = £3,055,250 maximum loan.

NL0508	Minimum Term:	
	Term will be determined by the mortality tables built into the lending system.	
NL0509	Minimum Loan:	
	£10,000	
NL0510	Maximum Loan to income (LTI):	
	For both joint and single applicants, applied to the gross allowable income (total in affordability model, i.e. sum of all types and % allowed).	come entered into
	Based on verified income at application, i.e. customers' current earnings at DIP.	
	Customer Income (Single/Joint)	LTI
	£0-£24,999	8.0x
	£25,000-£50,000	8.25x
	Above £50,000	8.5x
	All the above 'rules' are subject to product availability.	
	Minimum Property Value:	
NL0511	£70,000 for houses and bungalows	
NL0512	£100,000 for flats, maisonettes, ex-Local Authority/Ex-MOD/Ex-Housing Authority	properties
NL0513	Maximum Property Value:	
	£7,000,000 subject to Funder approval.	
NL0514	Retirement Villages are not allowed for RIO.	

6. Borrower Types		
Code	Policy	
NL0601	Will only lend to individuals.	
NL0602	Minimum age 55.	
Code	Standards	
NL0603	Maximum age - 90 at application (each borrower).	
NL0604	Lending to a customer who is retired or enters retirement during the term of the mortgage is permitted, LGHF defines retirement age as age 67 or declared age whichever is earlier.	
NL0605	Foreign nationals must confirm whether they have indefinite leave to remain or right to reside.	
NL0606	Lending is not permitted to customers with diplomatic immunity from UK law.	
NL0607	All applicants must have been resident in the UK for at least 6 months.	

### NL0610 Power of Attorney

#### We only accept an Enduring or Lasting Power of Attorney for use in transactions.

An Enduring or Lasting Power of Attorney continues when an individual loses capacity and requires someone to act on their behalf. An Enduring Power or Attorney must be registered with the Office of Public Guardian once capacity has been lost.

Applications made under an Enduring or Lasting Power of Attorney for Property and Financial Affairs may be acceptable subject to the following requirements:

- The Power of Attorney documents needs to be submitted to LGHF for prior approval together with Photo ID and proof of residence for each attorney. We will not accept an attorney signing on behalf of any borrower unless the borrower has a physical or mental incapacity.
  - Where a borrower is in the early stages of losing mental capacity (for example early-stage dementia), the preference is that they continue to act for themselves, with the Financial Adviser and Solicitors confirming they had mental capacity to understand and make decisions at the time of the face-to-face appointment.
  - If this is not possible, a letter from the borrowers GP should be obtained stating that they do not have the mental capacity to act for themselves in a transaction such as this.
- Where a borrower is physically incapacitated i.e., they cannot sign the document themselves, they can have an attorney appointed under an enduring or lasting power to sign on their behalf provided that both the borrower and attorney are advised by the financial adviser and solicitor. *NOTE If a borrower can make a physical mark and has been appropriately identified by the solicitor, the Land Registry preference would be for them to sign for themselves.* Please note that if an Enduring Power of Attorney has been formally registered with the Office of Public Guardian any physical incapacity has been overtaken by mental incapacity.
- Where a borrower is mentally incapacitated the enduring or lasting power of attorney must be requested with the office of the Public Guardian. In addition, we should confirm that the **purpose of the release is for the welfare and benefit of the borrower**.

A borrower cannot act in signing the mortgage deed both as Proprietor (owner) and Attorney as this is unacceptable to the Land Registry.

#### General Information - Court of Protection

Where a borrower is mentally incapacitated and has not validly appointed an Attorney, it may be possible to proceed by way of having a Deputy appointed by the Court of Protection. The Order appointing the Deputy should also specifically mention mortgaging and the Deputy appointed must not be a registered proprietor/spouse.

There are 2 types of Deputy - Property and Financial Affairs or Personal Welfare (Care etc). A Court Order sets out what the Deputy can and cannot do and the Deputy must act within the scope of the Court Order.

Land Registry will reject applications where the joint owner is represented by a Deputy unless.

- A new trustee is appointed in place of the customer, or
- There is a specific Court Order in favour of the acting Deputy permitting the Deputy to deal with the beneficial interest of the incapacitated owner.

A newly appointed third-party trustee would not tend to be a suitable solution for release as the trustee would not have the same obligations or relationship with the incapacitated borrower that a Deputy has.

Implication is that for joint owner situations, the Deputy must always be specifically authorised to enter into the release of equity.

A Court Order supplementing the existing Property and Financial Affairs Court Order would be required.

#### Scotland

In Scotland, there are 3 types of Power of Attorney.

- Continuing Power of Attorney
- Welfare Power of Attorney (Not appropriate for mortgages)
- Combined Power of Attorney

A Continuing Power of Attorney must be registered at Office of the Public Guardian (Scotland).

Guardianship Orders are made by the Sheriff appointing an individual to make decisions and act for an incapable person on an on-going basis. This is usually for 3 years or more.

A Guardianship Order is applicable where there is no Power of Attorney in place, and you need sheriff court approval to obtain one.

#### Further Advances

Must be dealt with in the same way as a new business case - a borrower cannot act in signing the mortgage deed both as a proprietor and attorney as this is unacceptable to the Land Registry.

#### Porting

Must be dealt with in the same way as a New Business case - a borrower cannot act in signing the mortgage deed both as a proprietor and attorney as this is unacceptable to the Land Registry.

7. Customer Verification		
Code	Policy	
As below		
Code	Standards	
n/a	There are some differences for existing mortgage customers - refer to section 15.	
NL0701	All new applications must comply with the requirements of the Money Laundering Regulations Act.	
NL0702	Proof of name and current address required for all new customers, to meet Anti Money Laundering regulation and requirements.	

NL0703	Who can Certify a Document	How to Certify a Document
	<ul> <li>Your document must be certified by a professional person or someone well respected in your community ("of good standing"). You could ask the following if they offer this service:</li> <li>Bank or Building Society official.</li> <li>Post Office official.</li> <li>Councillor.</li> <li>Minister of Religion.</li> <li>Dentist.</li> <li>Chartered Accountant.</li> <li>Solicitor or Notary.</li> <li>Teacher or Lecturer.</li> <li>The person you ask should not be:</li> <li>Related to you.</li> <li>Living at the same address.</li> <li>In a relationship with you.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Take the photocopied document and the original and ask the person to certify the copy by:</li> <li>Writing 'Certified to be a true copy of the original seen by me' on the document.</li> <li>Writing 'True likeness to the individual' on the document.</li> <li>Signing and dating it</li> <li>Printing their name under the signature.</li> <li>Adding their occupation, address, and telephone number.</li> </ul>
NL0704	Customers who are not UK Nationals must provide evidence that they have either indefinite leave or right to reside, via a passport (showing stamp) or confirmation from the Home Office.	
NL0705	If ID is required and if the customer is unable to provide in their current name as they have recently changed their name, either due to choose or marriage, ID must be obtained in the previous name, along with a copy of change of name via deed poll or the marriage certificate.	

8. Credit Score		
Code	Policy	
NL0801	Every application must pass LGHF's minimum credit score. The minimum score cut-off is coded within the system and any application falling below this threshold will be automatically declined.	

9. Credit Search					
Code	Policy				
NL0901	A credit search must be conducted on every applicant.				
NL0902	The last 3 years' address history must be obtained for all applicants and a credit search conducted on all addresses.				
Code	Standards				
NL0903	All Customers must reside in the UK at the time of the application.				
NL0904	The last 3 years' residency of a customer must be verified, credit searched and be sufficient to ensure an appropriate understanding of residency and credit history.				

NL0905	Acceptable financial history: Applications meeting the below acceptable adverse credit criteria should be referred to establish the reason for the past financial problems.
	Missed payments:
	Unsecured loans (within the last 12 months), maximum 1 missed payment
	Mortgage, secured loan and or tenancy;
	<ul> <li>No missed payments in the last 12 months</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>No more than 1 missed payment in the last 24 months</li> </ul>
	• CCJ's;
	– Maximum 2
	<ul> <li>Registered over 36 months ago</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Satisfied within 6 months of registration</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Total amount cannot exceed £500</li> </ul>
	• Defaults;
	<ul> <li>Maximum 1 (registered within the last 36 months)</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Total amount cannot exceed £150</li> </ul>
	Bankruptcy/Sequestration;
	<ul> <li>Discharged for a minimum of 72 months</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Individual Voluntary Arrangements (IVA) / Trust Deeds / Debt Management Plan;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Satisfied for a minimum of 72 months</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>No further adverse credit since it was satisfied</li> </ul>
	Re-Possessions;
	<ul> <li>Where a customer has had a re-possession, this must be declined</li> </ul>
NL0906	If customer has evidence of ever having a Payday Loan or Home Credit Loan, then they will be declined.
NL0907	Applicants who are over-indebted will not be allowed.

I 0. Affordability				
Code	Policy			
NL1001	Every application must pass LGHF's affordability assessment. For further details refer to the Affordability Model Standards.			

10.1 Allowable Income						
Code	Standards					
NL1002	Only sustainable income can be used in the affordability calculation.					
NL1003	<ul> <li>Income from Permanent Employment</li> <li>There is no minimum time in employment if the role is permanent.</li> <li>100% of the following "guaranteed income" can be used: <ul> <li>Basic salary</li> <li>Allowances (eg. large town/car/shift)</li> <li>Any increase in pay where it is due to be paid within 3 months</li> </ul> </li> <li>50% of the following "variable income" can be used, subject to; the amount being used not exceeding the basic salary: <ul> <li>Bonus and overtime</li> </ul> </li> </ul>					
	<ul> <li>Commission</li> <li>100% of second job income subject to; this amount being sustainable</li> <li>Zero-hour contractors, seasonal contractors and temporary contractors will not be considered.</li> </ul>					

NL1004	Income from Self Employment / LTD Company Director						
	Note: if the affordability assessment is carried out on the self-employed income only then the case must be referred to an underwriter to check for the suitability and sustainability of employment.						
	Acceptable subject to:						
	• Minimum trading period of 2 years, where they have only been trading for 2 years a projection is required						
	<ul> <li>The earnings are viably sustainable for the foreseeable future, considering past performance and future reasonability</li> </ul>						
	• The nature and sustainability of employment being established in cases where the self-employed income is lower than the projected pension income						
	Acceptable income types:						
	Sole Traders / Partners - the average of the customer's share of the net profit for the last 2 trading years or the latest years share, whichever is the lower.						
	Company Directors - the customer's basic salary (remuneration) from the latest year, the customer's average dividend for the last 2 trading years or the latest years dividend, whichever is the lower and the cost of any pension contributions being made, up to 10% of income.						
	Where there are downward trends in earnings and company performance, or the applicant declares they anticipate a reduction in income, income should be discounted from affordability.						
NL1005	Income from Self Employed Medical Professionals						
	• GP's in partnership can be accepted and 100% of their current income used (with a minimum 2-year track record of earnings).						
	<ul> <li>Medically related second income - 100% can be accepted for income purposes. This income is specifically private practice income earned on a self-employed basis by consultants, which is in addition to the NHS salary received.</li> </ul>						
	Public sector contracts - 6 monthly rotational contracts for junior doctors are acceptable.						
	6 monthly medical research contracts are not acceptable.						
NL1006	Income from Fixed Term Contracting						
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NL1007	<ul> <li>Income from Fixed Term Contracting</li> <li>100% of contract income can be used, subject to: <ul> <li>At least 12 months of the current contract remaining, or</li> <li>Current contract minimum 12months duration and a 2-year track record of income from contract work</li> </ul> </li> <li>Where a customer is employed through an umbrella company this is acceptable subject to; a 2-year track record of earnings being confirmed, and details of the forthcoming year must be obtained from the umbrella company.</li> <li>Zero-hour contractors, seasonal contractors and temporary contractors will not be considered.</li> </ul> Contract workers, zero-hour contractors, seasonal contractors and temporary contractors will not be considered. Income from Pension Pension already in receipt <ul> <li>100% of current employment/occupation pension income being received (Defined Benefit/ Lifetime Annuity)</li> <li>3.5% of pension pot for flexi-access income drawdown pension</li> <li>100% of state pension currently being received</li> </ul> Future pension income <ul> <li>100% of projected Defined Benefit income</li> <li>3.5% of pension pot for annuity purchase or flexible drawdown (existing pot)</li> </ul>						
NL1007	<ul> <li>Income from Fixed Term Contracting</li> <li>100% of contract income can be used, subject to: <ul> <li>At least 12 months of the current contract remaining, or</li> <li>Current contract minimum 12months duration and a 2-year track record of income from contract work</li> <li>Where a customer is employed through an umbrella company this is acceptable subject to; a 2-year track record of earnings being confirmed, and details of the forthcoming year must be obtained from the umbrella company.</li> <li>Zero-hour contractors, seasonal contractors and temporary contractors will not be considered.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Contract workers, zero-hour contractors, seasonal contractors and temporary contractors will not be considered.</li> <li>Income from Pension</li> <li>Pension already in receipt</li> <li>100% of current employment/occupation pension income being received (Defined Benefit/ Lifetime Annuity)</li> <li>3.5% of pension pot for flexi-access income drawdown pension</li> <li>100% of projected Defined Benefit income</li> <li>3.5% of pension pot for annuity purchase or flexible drawdown (existing pot)</li> <li>100% of projected state pension</li> </ul>						
NL1007	<ul> <li>Income from Fixed Term Contracting</li> <li>100% of contract income can be used, subject to: <ul> <li>At least 12 months of the current contract remaining, or</li> <li>Current contract minimum 12months duration and a 2-year track record of income from contract work</li> </ul> </li> <li>Where a customer is employed through an umbrella company this is acceptable subject to; a 2-year track record of earnings being confirmed, and details of the forthcoming year must be obtained from the umbrella company.</li> <li>Zero-hour contractors, seasonal contractors and temporary contractors will not be considered.</li> </ul> Contract workers, zero-hour contractors, seasonal contractors and temporary contractors will not be considered. Income from Pension Pension already in receipt <ul> <li>100% of current employment/occupation pension income being received (Defined Benefit/ Lifetime Annuity)</li> <li>3.5% of pension pot for flexi-access income drawdown pension</li> <li>100% of state pension currently being received</li> </ul> Future pension income <ul> <li>100% of projected Defined Benefit income</li> <li>3.5% of pension pot for annuity purchase or flexible drawdown (existing pot)</li> </ul>						

NL1009	Income from other sources
	Maintenance Income Where a customer is receiving maintenance payments, this income can be used within affordability assessment however the following must apply;
	The customer is in receipt of other income to support the lending
	Maximum 50% of the income to be used in the calculation
	The maintenance must have a minimum of 2 years remaining
	Benefit Income
	The following types of income can be used at 100%
	Retirement pension
	War widows' pension
	War disablement pension
NL1010	Income from Investments
	Income from Investment Products
	<ul> <li>Investment Income is acceptable where there is a 2-year track record of earnings</li> </ul>
	The nature of the investment will need to be reviewed to determine whether the income is sustainable.
	LGHF will not accept any form of speculative investment as an income source for any reason
	Predictable Investment Income
	<ul> <li>Interest income from corporate bonds and dividend income from stocks are two good examples of predictable investment income. These sources of income can be relied upon in most circumstances, but they are not guaranteed. These investments can create a stable source of retirement income via interest and dividend paying investments, or the purchase of mutual funds that own such investments.</li> </ul>
	Guaranteed Income
	<ul> <li>Guaranteed investment income is exactly what it sounds like; income that is guaranteed by either the Uk government or an insurance company. Safe investments like certificates of deposit, treasury securities, and fixed annuities are the primary sources of guaranteed investment income</li> </ul>
NLIOII	Affordability Assessment
	We will accept 100% of guaranteed investment income for use within the affordability assessment
	We will accept 50% of predictable investment income for use within the affordability assessment
NL1012	Acceptable Investment Products
	Sustainable surplus income generated from a property portfolio
	Dividend income from a portfolio of shares/investment trust where already retired
	Dividend income from ownership of a share in a business
	<ul> <li>Savings Income (Gilts, corporate bonds, permanent interest-bearing shares, unit trusts)</li> </ul>
	Life Insurance Investment - With-Profit and Investment bonds

10.2 Committed Expenditure					
Code	Standards				
NL1013	In addition to the basic essential and basic quality of living costs for the customers household (which are included by the Affordability Model) all current and future committed expenditure that will continue after the mortgage completes must be included within the affordability calculation.				
NL1014	<ul> <li>The following debts should be taken as a deduction:</li> <li>The monthly costs of all debts which will remain in place on completion of the mortgage are included as a deduction within affordability. If it can be evidenced that a debt is due to be fully repaid within 6 months of the application date, this can be excluded from affordability calculations.</li> <li>Any credit cards to remain in place on completion of the mortgage are included as a deduction with 3% of the total credit balance being taken.</li> <li>Monthly costs of any childcare / school fees</li> <li>Monthly costs of any Mortgage payments that do not meet the self-financing rules or are not going to be let out.</li> <li>Monthly costs of any property charges - ground rent / service charge</li> <li>Monthly costs of any other significant outgoings</li> <li>Monthly costs of Council Tax</li> </ul>				
NL1015	Background Properties Where a customer has a property in the background or a property which is going to be let any regular running costs declared by the customer, including mortgage payments are to be factored into affordability.				
NL1016	<ul> <li>Buy to Lets</li> <li>Where the property is currently let the mortgage can be classed as self-financing if the rental income exceeds the mortgage payment by at least 150%</li> <li>If the rental amount does not cover 150% and there is a shortfall amount (i.e. the difference between the rental payment and 150% of the mortgage payment) this must be included as a deduction within affordability</li> </ul>				
NL1017	On all background properties, where a mortgage is in place evidence of the mortgage payment amount, and the payment being maintained must be evidenced for the last 12 months.				
NL1018	Debt consolidation is permitted up to a maximum of £30k. The loans not taken into affordability are to be repaid upon completion by Eversheds.				

10.3 Affordability Calculation						
Code	Standards					
	In addition to the standards in 10.2 the following must be included when calculating affordability;					
NL1019	The correct household composition					
NL1020	Calculated on the product interest rate (fixed for more than 5 years - MCOB 11.6.18 (1))					
NL1021	Standard Tax and National Insurance contributions					
NL1022	Calculated on an interest only basis					
NL1023	<ul> <li>The affordability assessment is to be completed on the lower of;</li> <li>the customers' current verified employed income or</li> <li>their expected verified retirement income</li> <li>For joint applications each applicant must be able to afford the mortgage on an individual basis, therefore, the income used will be that of the lowest earning applicant</li> </ul>					
NL1024	<ul> <li>If the self-employed income is the lowest and, therefore, used within affordability then the nature and sustainability of employment should be established via a referral to underwriting</li> </ul>					

NL1025	The mortgage must be affordable for each applicant individually for joint applications
NL1026	The affordability assessment will require spare capacity after mortgage payment for any unforeseen     expenses
NL1027	<ul> <li>Over 17's</li> <li>Any adult (over 17) who will reside in the property and is financially dependent on the applicant(s) must be included within the affordability calculation</li> </ul>

II. Income and Expenditure Verification						
11.1 Income Ver	II.I Income Verification					
Code	Policy					
NL1101	All income being used in the assessment of affordability must be independently verified.					
Code	Standards					
NL1102	Any income received from foreign currency (non-UK sterling) / asset is not acceptable and cannot be used within the affordability assessment.					
NL1103	Bank Statement Principles					
	Bank statements are required to validate the accuracy and authenticity of the income used in the affordability assessment. In addition, they are required to assess the applicant(s) ability to demonstrate financial sustainability (i.e. account conduct) and ensure that necessary outgoings have been appropriately factored into the affordability assessment.					
	At least 3 bank statements are required and must:					
	1. Be genuine and belong to the customer(s).					
	2. Enable validation of the accuracy and authenticity of the income used with the affordability assessment.					
	<ol><li>Be recent enough to provide assurance that the applicant is still in receipt of the income and the income used is up to date.</li></ol>					
	4. Provide assurance that the applicant has a strong ability and willingness to repay, and validate (where possible) information declared by the applicant to ensure an appropriate and accurate affordability assessment is undertaken.					
	If the bank statement(s) provided cannot satisfy the 4 principles, further bank statements and/or P60s must be obtained.					
NLI104	Permanent Employment					
	For customers new to LGHF / completing New Lending the following is required to verify employed income;					
	Latest 3 payslips					
	Where payslips cannot be obtained an employer's reference can be accepted					
	<ul> <li>Where a customer is due to start a new job then the income can be used subject to; receiving a copy of the signed contract</li> </ul>					
	<ul> <li>Any pay increase due within the next 3 months must be confirmed by the employer if used within the affordability calculation</li> </ul>					
NLI105	Self Employed / LTD Company Director Income					
	If the affordability assessment is done purely on the self-employed income these cases must be referred to an underwriter to check for type and sustainability of employment.					
	All applications must be checked for the following:					
	1. Certainty that the company exists and is still trading.					
	<ol><li>Confirmation of the applicants' current earnings from a source independent of the applicant or verified independently.</li></ol>					
	3. The earnings are viably sustainable for the foreseeable future, considering past performance and future reasonability.					
	See table on following page.					

	Accountants Reference	Personal Bank Statement	Business Bank Statement	Last 3 years SA302s Online with a tax overview	Company Search	Payslip	Employers reference (Produced by accountant)	Latest P60
Self Employed/ Partnership/ Limited Liability Partnership (LLP) - Accountant is on list of recognised accountants	V	√	√					
Self Employed/ Partnership/ Ltd Liability Partnership (LLP) - Accountant <b>not</b> on list of recognised accountants	V	$\checkmark$	√	$\checkmark$				
Self Employed/ Partnership/ Ltd Liability Partnership (LLP) - Prepares own accounts or self-assess		V	V	1				
Partner with minority shareholding eg. large law firm		~		√				
Limited Co. Directors (including salaried directors) min 20% Shareholding or <20% where income is derived from dividends- Accountant is on list of recognised accountants	$\checkmark$	1	1		V			
Ltd Co Directors (including salaried directors) min 20% Shareholding or <20% where income derived from dividends- Accountant not acceptable	V	1	1	1	V			
Salaried Directors <20% shareholding (no dividend or dividend not being used)		$\checkmark$			$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		
Employees of family companies		$\checkmark$				$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$

Acceptable Accountants Qualifications are:

- Institute of Chartered Accountants (FCA/ACA)
- Institute of Chartered Accountants (Scotland) (FCAS/ACAS)
- Association of Chartered Certified Accountants (ACCA/FCCA)
- Chartered Institute of Public Finance Accountants (CIPFA)
- Institute of Company Accountants (ASCA/FSCA)
- Association of Authorised Public Accountants (FAPA/AAPA)
- Association of International Accountants (FIA/AIA)
- Chartered Institute of Management Accountants (CIMA)
- Institute of Chartered Accountants of Ireland (ICAI)
- Institute of Chartered Accountants Scotland (ICAS)

NL1106	Self Employed Medical Professionals						
	Where usual self-employed criteria cannot be met for Consultants/Doctors you can obtain:						
	An Accountants letter (from suitably qualified Accountant) confirming minimum 12 months earnings or, Latest Tax Return documentation SA302 (Tax Calculation Summary) or, SA310 (Revenue Acknowledgement) plus Latest Tax Return.						
NLI 107	Fixed Term Contracting						
	To verify the customers earnings who is on a fixed term contract the following is required;						
	A copy of the current contract						
	A copy of the most recent bank statement						
	To obtain a track record contracts or P60s can be used						
	Latest 3 payslips						
	For a customer employed through an umbrella company then a 2-year track record, either through a reference or accounts should be supplied, which confirm forthcoming earnings.						
NLI 108	Contractor – non-fixed term						
	Current and previous contracts covering the last 12-month period (2-year track record if less than 3 months remaining on current contract).						
NL1109	Customers current CV.						
NLIII0	PAYE/Umbrella Co: latest 3 payslips/invoices and latest 3 months personal bank statements.						
NLIIII	Limited Company: latest 3 months business bank statements and latest 3 months personal bank statement.						
	Pension Income						
NLIII2	Pension Income Assessment – Already in Receipt						
	State Retirement Pension (SRP)						
	Department of Work and Pension (DWP) state pension letter issued within the last 12 months; OR						
	<ul> <li>Latest 3 months bank statements identifying payment from DWP</li> </ul>						
	Private/Company Pension and Annuities						
	Latest monthly pension payslip (no older than 2 months from the application date) OR						
	Latest 3 months bank statements evidencing the payment from the pension company with either:						
	Pension statement, or:						
	Pension payslip (no more than 12 months old - undated payslips are not acceptable), or						
	Pension letter, or						
	<ul> <li>P60 (if not clear the P60 is related to the pension then a covering letter is required from the pension company/annuity provider)</li> </ul>						
	Pension Statements and Annuity Letters must:						
	Not be handwritten or amended						
	Show applicant's name and address, which must match the application details						
	<ul> <li>Include pension company/annuity provider's name, address, telephone number and company registration number (if a limited company)</li> </ul>						
	Be on headed paper or show company logo						
	Show payment dates						
	Cover a minimum of one month (5 consecutive weeks)						
	Show gross income						
	Show net pay						
	Pension Statement for private/company and state pension must:						
	Show regularity of payment						
	Not be older than 12 months						
	Annuity Letters must:						
	Show lump sum invested in fund						
	Show end date if applicable						

• Not be older than 12 months

NLIII2 contd.	For 'Income Drawdown/Flexible Drawdown' pensions additional documentation is required to confirm the value of the pension pot remaining. This documentation should be no older than 12 months.
	Evidence of any spousal benefits should be obtained from the pension statement or the type of annuity purchased.
	If the pension is fixed for life, eg. fixed term annuity, then a haircut is to be applied to allow for inflation on expenditure.
	Future pension income
	100% of projected Defined Benefit (DB) income
	<ul> <li>3.5% of accrued Defined Contribution (DC) and/or Private pension pot(s) for annuity purchase or flexible drawdown</li> </ul>
	100% of projected state pension
	The 25% tax free lump sum is not to be included in the income assessment
	The assessment should only be carried out on the pension benefits accrued at the time of application, i.e. no assumptions about future pension growth should be made
	All usable income must be verified by an appropriately mandated underwriter for all cases
	Pension Income Assessment – Future Income Projection:
	Private/Occupational (DB/DC) Pension
	Latest private/company projection statement or FCA regulated letter from the scheme administrator
	If different estimated income levels are projected the average/normal value or equivalent will be used
	Must be dated within the last 18 months
	Must show the assumed normal retirement age
	State Pension
	State Pension projection obtained by the customer from the government website
	Must have the customer's name and address
	Must be dated within the last 12 months
	Annuity Statement
	Must be dated within the last 18 months
	Further evidence to establish participation in the pension scheme may be obtained
	<ul> <li>Latest payslip confirming pension contributions OR</li> <li>Bank statement showing pension payments</li> </ul>
	· Bank statement showing pension payments
NLIII3	The income assessment will be based on the lower of the current income or estimated retirement income.
NLIII4	For joint applications evidence of the spousal benefits must be obtained.
NLIII5	Income from other sources
	Maintenance Payments
	<ul> <li>The income must be evidenced through a formal agreement. This should be one of the following: CSA agreement, Court order, Solicitors Letter or Consent Order</li> </ul>
	The latest bank statement to show evidence of the income
	Benefit Income
	<ul> <li>The award letter will be required to evidence this income along with the latest bank statement evidencing the benefit credit</li> </ul>

	Investment Income
NLIII6	Investment income Verification
	The latest two years' HMRC Tax Year Calculations plus the Tax Overview documentation (one copy of each piece of documentation is required for each tax year).
	The documentation may show a latest financial year up to 18 months old at the date of application when supported with six months' personal bank statements.
	Accountant's Certificate covering the most recent 2-year accounting period
	The Accountant's Certificate may show a latest financial year up to 15 months old at the date of application when supported with six months' personal bank statements.
	We will request the Certificate directly from the Accountant.
	The latest year's figures should be used to determine income.
	Latest financial year should be no older than 12 months at the date of application.
	Three months' personal bank statements may be required in other circumstances.
	Dividend income where the applicant is retired
	The latest two years' HMRC Tax Year Calculations plus the Tax Overview documentation (one copy of each piece of documentation is required for each tax year).
	The documentation may show a latest financial year up to 18 months old at the date of application when supported with six months' personal bank statements.
	Accountant's Certificate covering the most recent 2-year accounting period
	The Accountant's Certificate may show a latest financial year up to 15 months old at the date of application when supported with six months' personal bank statements.
	We will request the Certificate directly from the Accountant.
	The latest year's figures should be used to determine income.
	Latest financial year should be no older than 12 months at the date of application.
	Three months' personal bank statements may be required in other circumstances.
	Rental Income from Property Investments
	Rental income - from mortgage free properties.
	Latest 3 months' bank statements or you can use a statement/letter from an Association of Residential Lettings Agents (ARLA) registered letting agent if this shows a breakdown of payments received, evidencing the latest three months' net rental payments.
	Rental income must be paid by Direct Debit/Standing Order.
	Rental income from short term or holiday lets, "rent a room" lodgers or foreign property is unacceptable.
	Rental income - letting business with mortgage.
	The last 2 years' income figures via an accountant's certificate covering the applicant's share of net profit, or HMRC tax assessments are required.

11.2 Expenditure Verification	
Code	Standards
NLIII7	For Committed Personal expenditure, the information provided by the applicant can be used within the affordability assessment, unless a common-sense view, or additional information challenges the accuracy of the declared information
	Additional information will include an examination of the applicants' bank statements and information taken from the credit reference search, whereby, the total monthly payments on outstanding debts evidenced will be compared to the customers' declared amounts and the highest value taken

12. Security	
Code	Policy
NL1201	The security must be of an acceptable construction type.
NL1202	A fully enforceable first legal charge must be granted to LGHF.
NL1203	Building insurance is mandatory on all mortgaged properties.
Code	Standards
	Properties
NL1204	Properties over 10 acres may be referred but will be subject to valuer's comments, confirmation that there are no restrictions and confirmation of the type of land and usage.
NL1205	Where properties exceed 5 acres, we will only consider the value of the house and immediate garden area, but the entire plot will be charged.
NL1206	Properties with the benefit of land with planning permission for a separate dwelling must be valued based on what the property would be worth without the planning permission.
NL1207	Properties with ongoing/progressive structural movement are not acceptable.
NL1208	Properties that have been underpinned in the last 5 years are not acceptable.
NL1209	Properties that have been flooded within the last 5 years or where our flood risk data indicates a high risk of flooding.
NL1210	If the property is in a high flood risk area, as determined by the Environment Agency, or flooding of the surrounding area has occurred in the past 5 years, full buildings insurance cover with no endorsements or onerous conditions/excesses will be required.
NLI211	In situations where the applicants own adjoining land next to or near to the security address and this is registered as a separate title which will not be included in our charge, we will only consider lending provided that there are no restrictions to access into the property and no onerous restriction/covenants regarding the usage of either part of the land. The additional land will not be used as part of the valuation.
NL1212	Where the security address has shared access, it will not be considered if the access to the property is shared with or registered to another family member or registered on a separate title owned by the applicants. In circumstances where the applicant or their family own property or land adjacent to the security address, the access to the property needs to be unrestricted as mentioned above.
	The following properties are not acceptable for lending;
NL1213	Japanese Knotweed is acceptable if it is within 7 metres of the boundary, but more than 7 metres away from habitable spaces, conservatory and/or garage of the property.
NL1214	Properties with dry rot unless completely eradicated.
NL1215	Properties used for farming (arable or pastoral) providing any form of commercial income or having livestock* on the property (this includes Small Holdings) or where special licensing or local authority consent for non- residential use has been obtained.
	*livestock includes any creature kept for the production of food, wool, skins, or fur, or for the purpose of its use in the farming of land.
NL1216	Annexes having additional separate services or being held on separate legal title are not acceptable. Annexes occupied by non-family members or sublet are not acceptable.
NLI217	Properties where more than 15% is a flying freehold.
NL1218	Ex MOD houses on a current MOD site or Housing Association properties forming part of a Ministry of Defence site.
NL1219	Grade 1 and Grade A (Scotland) Listed Buildings.
NL1220	Dwellings containing Mundic concrete (unless A1 Category Report Held) or High Alumina cement.

NL1221	Properties with onerous restrictive covenants (eg. agricultural ties).
NL1222	Prefabricated Reinforced Concrete (PRC) even if repaired or panels removed.
NL1223	Properties defective under the 1984 Housing Act.
NL1224	Properties held in Trust.
NL1225	Smallholdings.
NL1226	Caravans/Park Homes.
NL1227	Single skin, single storey up to a maximum of 20% (of exterior wall area) subject to valuer's comments. There must be no obvious signs of condensation, damp, or structural movement. Ultimately, the valuer needs to confirm that the construction will not have an impact on saleability and is suitable for mortgage purposes. In some parts of the country older properties may contain elements within a wall of single skin construction such as herringbone brick or wattle and daub in-fill of oak timber framing. Such properties should be considered on their merits, depending on the comments made by the Valuer.
NL1228	Properties subject to Equity Share Schemes.
NL1229	Large Panel Systems.
NL1230	All Bed-sits or Studio flats under 30m²
NL1231	Thatched roof.
NL1232	Freehold Flats.
NL1233	Ex-local Authority Flats above 10 storeys' in height irrespective of the subject property's location.
NL1234	Flats above 5 storeys with no lift access where the subject property is located on the 4th floor or above.
NL1235	Flats not covered by Block buildings insurance.
NL1236	Properties where Spray-foam is present in the loft space.
NL1237	Liable to be subject to; clearance or compulsory purchase order.
NL1238	No kitchen unless installed prior to completion.
NL1239	Properties with restrictions in place that would affect future marketability and resale value.
NL1240	Loans secured against purchase timeshare accommodation.
NL1241	Shared ownership.
NL1242	Shared Equity.
NLI243	Steel framed built before 2001 or steel-clad properties.
NL1244	Properties deemed unacceptable by a valuer due to major restrictions to saleability or significant structural problems.
NL1245	Ex Local Authority, ex Housing Association or ex Ministry of Defence houses/bungalows/flats/maisonettes valued below £100k or where pre-emption conditions have not exceeded clawback period.
NL1246	Properties with water supplied by a Borehole/Spring/Well.

	Properties meeting the below conditions are to be referred to the Technical Underwriting Team	
NL1247	Properties offering bed and breakfast facilities where no permanent changes have been made to the home may be acceptable security. Not including any business that employs others.	
NL1248	Applicants keeping livestock/animals can be considered if these are kept for non-commercial purposes.	
NL1249	Annexes with separate Council Tax banding and annexes sharing Council Tax banding can be acceptable subject to valuation and meeting other acceptability criteria, in particular - no separate services, shared access and less than 50% of the main property footprint. The annexe must be either empty at completion or occupied by a maximum of 2 family members, (more than 2 can be considered by referral to ELSC) or a contracted live-in carer, each of whom signs a Deed of Consent. The annexe must be part of the main legal title. On referral underwriters will consider the circumstances and follow existing rules on deed of consent. Annexes with separate Council Tax bandings should be highlighted to valuer (e.g., via a post valuation query) to assess any impact on value/saleability.	
NL1250	Non-traditional construction where the Valuer advises it is widely mortgageable and has high market demand.	
NL1251	Properties with >10 acres can be referred. Where properties exceed 5 acres, we will only consider the value of the house and the immediate garden area, the entire plot will be charged.	
NL1252	Properties that have been underpinned 5+ years ago, works were completed under guarantees and there has been no further evidence of movement.	
NL1253	Properties or land where a Sink Hole has occurred irrespective of whether the impact of that Sink Hole has been resolved must be referred to ELSC.	
NL1254	Timber framed dwellings built between 1900-1960 are not acceptable, before and after this period should be referred.	
NL1255	Properties with non-standard utilities, ie. 2 kitchens.	
NL1256	Grade 2 listed building/Grade C in Scotland.	
NLI257	Grade2* and Grade B (Scotland) Listed Buildings can be referred to ELSC.	
NL1258	Property originally built with a flat roof (Except flats).	
NL1259	Flat Roofed Property where more than 50% of the roof forms part of an extension.	
NL1260	Flats above 5 storeys with no lift access where the property is below the 4th floor.	
NL1261	Flats in blocks with more than 10 storeys in height where the flat is situated on the 10th floor or below (properties over 10 storeys can be referred)	
NL1262	Studios must have a minimum internal measurement of 30m2 and a maximum value of £1,000,000. They must own their own bathroom and kitchen. The kitchen must be in the same room.	
NL1263	Property where more then 50% of the total floor area forms part of an extension.	
	Insurance	
NL1264	Buildings Insurance must be in place that is sufficient to cover the reinstatement amount or if the property part of a larger building and there is a common insurance policy in place, then the sum insured for the buildin must be at least that amount multiplied by the total number of flats in the building.	
NL1265	Buildings Insurance must be in place under standard terms covering; fire, explosion, earthquake, storm, flood, escape of water or oil, subsidence, heave, landslip and malicious damage.	
NL1266	Buildings Insurance must be accepted on normal terms with no endorsements or onerous conditions/excesses.	

	New Build Properties
NL1267	A property that is occupied or transacted for the first time in its current state or converted within the last 2 years.
	Additionally, if the property is occupied or transacted for the first time in its current state or converted withir the last 6 years it should have either a warranty from LGHF approved list or a suitable Professional Consultants Certificate.
	The professional consultants must confirm.
	<ul> <li>they have visited the property during construction to check its progress, its conformity with drawings approved under building regulations and its conformity with drawings/instructions issued under the building contract.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>they will remain liable to the first purchasers and their lender and subsequent purchasers and lenders for the period of 6 years from the date of the certificate; confirmed on their indemnity cover.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>has appropriate qualifications and strong experience in the design and/or monitoring of the construction and conversion of residential buildings; and</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>will keep a certain level of professional indemnity insurance in force to cover their liabilities under the certificate. The value of the property once completed; or £250,000 if employed directly by the borrower or, i any other case, £500,000. If we require a collateral warranty from any professional adviser, this will be state specifically in the mortgage instructions.</li> </ul>
	Recognised Qualifications:
	<ul> <li>fellow or member of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors (FRICS or MRICS); or</li> </ul>
	fellow or member of the Institution of Structural Engineers (F.I.Struct.E or M.I.Struct.E); or
	<ul> <li>fellow or member of the Chartered Institute of Building (FCIOB or MCIOB); or</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>fellow or member of the Architecture and Surveying Institute (FASI or MASI) (only if in conjunction with a FCIOB or MCIOB qualification); or</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>fellow or member of the Chartered Association of Building Engineers (C.Build E MCABE and C.Build E FCABE); or</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>member of the Chartered Institute of Architectural Technologists (formerly British Institute of Architectura Technologists) (MCIAT); or</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>architect registered with the Architects Registration Board (ARB). An architect must be registered with the Architects Registration Board, even if also a member of another institution, for example the Royal Institute British Architects (RIBA); or</li> </ul>
	fellow or member of the Institution of Civil Engineers (FICE or MICE).
	Properties under 10 years old must have a New Build Warranty; the following have been deemed acceptable:
	<ul> <li>NHBC</li> <li>Premier Guarantee (including LABC Hallmark and LABC New Home Warranties)</li> <li>Building Life Plans Ltd</li> </ul>
	– Checkmate
	<ul> <li>International Construction Warranties (ICW)</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Homeproof Warranties Ltd (formerly known as Aedis)</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Q Assure Build Ltd</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Advantage HCI</li> </ul>
	– Buildzone
	– Protek
	<ul> <li>Ark Insurance Group</li> </ul>
	- One Guarantee
	<ul> <li>Global Home Warranties</li> </ul>
	– ABC+ Warranty
	– Build Assure
	A new warranty provider can be considered for approval by sending details to the product team for review and progress to an application for assessment.

	Commercial Use at the Property	
NL1268	<ul><li>For applications with a commercial use these will need to satisfy our requirements below:</li><li>The property must be occupied and used exclusively by the applicant for their own business purpose.</li></ul>	
	<ul> <li>The surveyor must be able to value the property on a residential basis ignoring any business use.</li> </ul>	
	The property is capable of being sold as a standard residence without extensive modification and expense.	
	The surveyor must be aware of the full usage of the property at the time of instruction.	
	The property must be wholly or predominantly classified as residential under planning legislation.	
	Any applications deemed to meet this criteria and progress to valuation may still be deemed unacceptable where the surveyor considers the commercial use to materially impact the marketability of our security.	
		erty could be converted back to a standard residential s a mortgagee in possession i.e., a home office should
	Property in proximity to a commercial business	
NL1269	Class E (formerly AI)	
	Use	Our guidance
	for the retail sale of goods other than hot food,	
	as a post office,	
	for the sale of tickets or as a travel agency,	
	for the sale of sandwiches or other cold food for consumption off the premises,	Above/Below - Accept Adjacent/Neighbouring - Accept
	for hairdressing,	However, where the valuer considers the proximi of the commercial use would materially impac
	for the display of goods for sale,	marketability of our security the application will be declined.
	for the hiring out of domestic or personal goods or articles,	
	for the reception of goods to be washed, cleaned or repaired	
	Class E	(formerly A2)
	Use	Our guidance

	Use	Our guidance
	Financial Services	Above/Below - Accept
	Professional services (other than health or medical services)	<ul> <li>Adjacent/Neighbouring - Accept</li> <li>However, where the valuer considers the proximity</li> <li>of the commercial use would materially impact</li> <li>marketability of our security the application will</li> <li>be declined.</li> </ul>
	Any other services which it is appropriate to provide in a shopping area.	

	Class E (fo	ormerly A3)
	Use	Guidance
	Use for the sale of food or drink for consumption on the premises or of hot food for consumption off the premises.	Above / Below - Refer Adjacent / Neighbouring - Refer The property must be in a desirable area with good demand, readily saleable and readily marketable.
	Class E (fo	ormerly BI)
	Use	Guidance
	An office other than a use within former class A2 (financial and professional services),	Generally, acceptable where the commercial us of the premises below, adjacent or proximity to the subject property falls under the 'OFFICE' clas Where the commercial use of the premises below a laboratory this is unacceptable.
	We should consider a Sandwich Shop can fall into clas cannot take place on class A1 premises, but hot dishes ca or reheated. This is a model that Eat, Pret-A-Manger an A1 requirements.	an be prepared off site and held at a set temperature
70	<ul> <li>Solar Panels</li> <li>Solar Panels are acceptable if owned outright by the customer. If the solar panels are leased the comply with our minimum requirements. If the lease cannot be varied, ELSC can consider a side addresses the areas of non-compliance with the UK Finance Guidance. The side letter must be to Legal and General Home Finance and its successors. Whether owned or leased the valuer v confirm that the solar panels will not adversely affect the saleability of the property and other</li> <li>We require a copy of the Air Space Lease before the application can proceed. Our representative the lease complies with our requirements. If the lease does not meet out requirements the applie be declined.</li> </ul>	
71	<ul> <li>Retentions</li> <li>We do not accept any cases with a Retention. Howe' Underwriter be considered where the works are considered funds to carry out the works following completion an integrity of the property.</li> <li>LGHF may require works to be carried out by suitably some instances, we may set out Offer conditions for the set out offer conditions for</li></ul>	dered non-essential. The applicants will have sufficier Id the nature of the works do not affect the structura qualified contractors before Offer or Completion. In
	<ul> <li>after completion.</li> <li>Where the Valuer confirms that essential repairs are r repairs have been undertaken. Upon completion of the of the completed work, i.e. the schedule of works &amp;/ may instruct the Valuer to reinspect the property to Valuer's satisfaction, confirm its suitability for mort where applicable.</li> </ul>	required, no monies will be released until the essentia e works, the applicant would need to provide evidence or invoice & guarantees provided. Alternatively, LGHF o confirm that the works have been carried out to the gage purposes and provide a revised valuation figure
	<ul> <li>Where the Valuer confirms that specialist reports are r reports at their own expense. The specialist reports deemed essential must be carried out prior to func</li> </ul>	will be sent to the Valuer for comment. Any repairs

	<ul> <li>Private Water Supplies (PWS) confined to borehole and well will only be considered subject to evidence provided of:</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>A risk assessment carried out by a qualified body no older than 5 years, confirming:</li> </ul>
	• The installation and specification of the equipment meets the requirements of the regulations prevailing at the time of installation.
	• The condition and operation of equipment complies with current legislative standards (as below).
	<ul> <li>Confirmation of adequacy and quality of supply under current legislation (as below).</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>A water quality test carried out by a qualified body within the last 12 months demonstrating that the water meets the current regulatory standards:</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Private Water Supplies Regulations (2016) incorporating 2018 amendments (England)</li> </ul>
	Water Supply (Water Quality) 2018 (Wales)
	<ul> <li>The Water intended for Human Consumption (Private Supplies) (Scotland) Regulations 2017</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>All cases to be treated as a purchase or porting application, a water and drainage will be obtained as part of the conveyancing process where any issues will be raised and reported to LGHF for consideration.</li> </ul>
13. Location/7	Tenure/Occupation
Code	Policy
NL1301	England and Wales (Freehold, Leasehold)
	Mainland Scotland (Absolute Owner/Heritable Title & Leasehold)
Code	Standards
NL1302	Lending in England, Mainland Scotland & Wales is permitted.
	Lending in Northern Ireland is not permitted.
NL1303	Acceptable tenure:
	Leasehold, subject to;
	<ul> <li>Age of youngest borrower plus unexpired lease must be a minimum of 175 years. Where a case falls one year short of this requirement a Technical Underwriter can approve.</li> </ul>
NLI304	Good Leasehold Title will be considered but subject to solicitor's comments.
NL1305	If the borrower owns both the Freehold and Leasehold interests in the security, they should both be charged.
NL1306	Properties where service charge and ground rent combined exceeds 2.5% of property value are not allowed.
NL1308	Ground rent reviews to be a minimum of 21 years from commencement of the lease, and at no more frequent intervals thereafter.
NL1309	Increases in Ground Rent, at review, must be limited to no more than, either: a doubling of the rent payable immediately prior to the review or, a figure increased in accordance with the percentage change in Retail Price Index or Consumer Price Index over the previous review period.
NLI310	Where service charge increases are calculated by another means, such as incremental multiplications, the amount of service charge due in 25 years should be no more than 2.5% of the current property value.
NLI3II	There is not a provision that the lease is forfeit if the lessee becomes bankrupt.
NL1312	Properties where resale fees exceed 3% of property value are not allowed.
NL1313	Heritable subject to; the property being in Scotland.
NL1314	Freehold, subject to; the property not being a flat.
NL1315	Commonhold properties are not acceptable.

• Due to the varying types of water source, regulation requirements and the number of properties serviced by the water source, all cases will be referred to ELSC for approval following Konexo overview.

Private Water Supply:

	Occupation
NL1316	The applicants must be the same as those that are/will be on the Proprietorship Register held by HM Land Registry.
NLI317	A maximum of 2 registered parties is permissible.
NL1318	Where registered parties are removed from the title, we require satisfaction that the re-mortgage will include a permanent and financial separation of all interests.
NLI319	If the property is owned and occupied by two spouses or partners, the mortgage must be taken out on a joint basis. If it is only owned by one of them then the spouse / partner who is not on the title deeds will need legal advice and must be added to the title deeds and the mortgage.
NL1320	In order for a lodger to be acceptable, they must be taking one room in the property where the borrower also resides and sharing the facilities of the property.
NL1321	Lodgers must be advised to seek independent legal advice and sign a Deed of Consent.
NL1322	A maximum of two lodgers are permitted.
NL1323	Other adult occupiers living at the property who are not party to their mortgage are required to sign a Deed of Consent to waive to any claim on the property (over the age of 17 before completion).
NL1324	Live-in-carers are exempt from completing a deed of consent where they are from a company providing live- in-care services (providing short term rolling care only). Solicitor instructions include the recommendation that the occupier takes legal advice.
NL1325	Where underwriters are on notice that there may be additional occupiers who have not been declared on the application form, they should make enquiries and condition the Offer of Loan for completion of a Customer Declaration of No Additional Occupancy.
NL1326	In cases where a formal notification has been made that a person or persons has/have expressly. asserted their rights over the property, be it in writing or verbally, the case cannot proceed to completion and will not be accepted.
NLI327	In Scotland, Deeds of Consent are not applicable as there are no rights of occupancy except in cases of matrimonial home rights.
NLI 328	Where the occupant is a dependant of unsound mind the occupier's declaration may be signed on their behalf by a person holding Enduring Power of Attorney registered with the Court of Protection. Alternatively, we will consider removing this requirement if we have confirmation from the occupier's Doctor (GP) that they have no mental capacity to sign a Waiver and sight of a care plan indicating the arrangements that are in place following the death or long-term care of the borrower(s).
NL1329	Marital Status; it is not sufficient for a residing spouse to sign a Deed of Consent, they must be party to the loan.

14. Valuation	
Code	Policy
NL1401	Every application must be supported by an acceptable valuation of the security by a panel valuer.
Code	Standards
NL1402	The only acceptable valuations for new lending are: <ul> <li>Internal inspection by a panel valuer</li> </ul>
NL1403	All details on the valuation report must be completed and the valuer must confirm the property is suitable security for LGHF.
	Where a customer has had a standard mortgage valuation already carried out in England and Wales this cannot be used for our Mortgage purposes.

NL1404

Mortgage Offer cannot be issued until the structural report is obtained (where requested in the valuation).

15. Existing Mortgage Customers		
Code	Policy	
	N/A	
Code	Standards	
NL1501	Lending Source LGHF customers can apply for portability without using an intermediary if they apply through our Customer Contact Centre. Portability applications must be on an advised basis.	
	Lending Purpose	
NL1502	Portability can be completed with other variations; additional loan, transfer of equity, account amend.	
NL1503	Where a customer is being removed from the mortgage as part of the portability application the relevant form should be completed by the party being removed from the mortgage. Transfer of Equity standards can be found within the Account Amendments Lending Standards.	
NL1504	Where a customer is new to LGHF and being added to the mortgage as part of the port they must meet new customer lending standards.	
NL1505	Where there is no increased risk on the existing lending, and the case falls outside the policy exception rule, the decision to decline a portability application must be authorised by a Technical Underwriter.	
	Customer Verification	
NL1506	When the original mortgage was opened, ID &V checks for all customers will have been completed and a record retained on file, to comply with the requirements of the Money Laundering Regulations Act 2007.	
NL1507	Where a customer is completing new lending, checks must be made to verify all customers, party to the mortgage. This should be done by matching the signature(s) on the new lending application, to the signature(s) we already hold on file. This is a fraud check which helps ensure that all customers are fully aware of the application.	
NL1508	If a signature cannot be matched or there is no signature on file, then up to date ID must be obtained that contains a matching signature, such as a passport or driving licence, so the customer can be verified.	

I 6. Expiry Dates		
Code	Policy	
	N/A	
Code	Standards	

 NL1601
 Standard
 Expiry Point

 Mortgage Offer
 180 days

 AIP Decision
 90 days

 Application form and supporting verifications
 90 days

 Standard Valuation
 180 days

17. Policy Exceptions	
Code	Standards
N/A	Policy Exceptions - Not Permitted Mandatory Standard Exceptions - Not Permitted Standard Exceptions - Discretion to override, where an appropriate risk rationale exists
Code	New Mortgage Customers
N/A	Policy Exceptions - Only permitted in accordance with MCOB 11.6.3 and/or MCOB11.7 Mandatory Standard Exceptions - Only permitted in accordance with MCOB 11.6.3 and/or MCOB11.7 The following codes would need to be applied; MCOB 11.6.3 - Affordability rules MCOB 11.7 - Transitional Arrangement rules Standard Exceptions - Discretion to override, where an appropriate risk rationale exists

18. Glossary		
Key Wordings/ Meanings	Definition	
Borrower	A borrower is a customer of LGHF and is someone who we have lent money to.	
Concessionary Purchase	You are buying a property at a discounted amount, therefore paying it less than the market value.	
Diplomatic Immunity	Diplomatic immunity is a form of legal immunity that ensures diplomats are given safe passage and are considered not susceptible to lawsuit or prosecution under the host country's laws, although they can still be expelled	
Dividend Income	Distributions of earnings to shareholders that may be in the form of cash, stock, or property, within the UK dividends are taxed at a different amount.	
Execution Only	Taking a mortgage out without receiving any advice from a qualified person	
External Appraisal (EA)	Also known as a drive by, a valuer will visit the outside of a property and with knowledge of the area provide a valuation of the property, they will not complete a full internal inspection of the property.	
Guaranteed Income	This includes income that is received on a regular basis and forms part of a contractual arrangement between employer/employee, pension provider/pensioner.	
LTV	Loan to value - the amount of money lent out to the customer against the market value of the property.	
Mortgage Product	The definition of a product is;	
	A product is the item offered for sale. A product can be a service or an item. It can be physical or in virtual or cyber form. Every product is made at a cost and each is sold at a price. The price that can be charged depends on the market, the quality, the marketing and the segment that is targeted.	
	In terms of a mortgage, we are offering to lend someone money, which is the service, a customer has to repay this back over a period of time; the amount paid back a certain point is determined by the rate of the product.	

Net Profit	Net profit, also referred to as the bottom line, net income, or net earnings is a measure of the profitability of a venture after accounting for all costs.
Proof of Residency	Residency is where someone has lived; to provide proof means we must be able to see that the person has lived at the property address.
Remuneration	An amount of money paid to someone for the work that person has done. Reward for employment in the form of pay, salary, or wage, including allowances, benefits (such as company car, medical plan, and pension plan), bonuses, cash incentives, and monetary value of the non cash incentives.
Security	What we have lent our monies against, what is there to protect our monies being returned.
Sustainability	For us, it is the amount the customer declares as sustainable on the application form and which the customer believes they can reasonably expect to earn. Proof must be obtained to evidence this.
Transitional Arrangements	Term used to define MCOB 11.7 that allows customers to make changes to their mortgages where they may not meet a lender's current policy, but can meet other requirements set out in MCOB.
Umbrella Companies	An umbrella company is a company that acts as an employer to agency contractors who work under a fixed term contract assignment, usually through a recruitment employment agency in the United Kingdom.
	An Umbrella Company will employ a person under an overarching Contract of Employment and will be responsible for raising invoices for the work that they do whilst on assignment, this means that they will not have the worry of setting up and running a company or appointing an accountant.
	It is worth noting that all Umbrella Companies are, effectively, controlled by the HMRC. All payments must be made through PAYE and HMRC also dictate which expenses they are allowed to claim. Therefore, the only difference in your take home pay should be the Umbrella Company's margin.
Variable Income	This includes income where the amount and/or frequency of the income are not guaranteed.

